

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An optical filter for vision comprising:
an input polarizing element;
an output polarizing element; and
a retarder stack between the input polarizing element and the output polarizing
5 element;
wherein the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder
stack, at least partially positioned in a field of view, substantially filter at least
one band of light.
2. An optical filter according to claim 1, wherein
10 the optical filter is configured for human vision; and
the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, are
adapted to be positioned at least partially in a human's field of view.
3. An optical filter according to claim 1, wherein
the optical filter is configured for animal vision; and
15 the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, are
adapted to be positioned at least partially in an animal's field of view.
4. An optical filter according to claim 1, wherein the at least one band of light is
an inter-primary band of light.

5. An optical filter according to claim 1, wherein the at least one band of light has a wavelength that is smaller than or equal to about 400 nm.

6. An optical filter according to claim 1, wherein the at least one band of light has a wavelength that is greater than or equal to about 700 nm.

5 7. An optical filter according to claim 1, wherein the at least one band of light has a wavelength of about 500 nm.

8. An optical filter according to claim 1, wherein the at least one band of light has a wavelength of about 580 nm.

9. An optical filter according to claim 1, wherein at least two inter-primary bands
10 of light are filtered.

10. An optical filter according to claim 1, wherein the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, filter light so as to maintain a color neutral appearance.

11. An optical filter according to claim 1, wherein the optical filter is one of a pair
15 of sunglasses, a canopy for a helmet, or a visor.

12. An optical filter for vision comprising:
an input polarizing element;
an output polarizing element; and

a retarder stack between the input polarizing element and the output polarizing element;

wherein the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, at least partially positioned in a field of view, substantially filter light to improve color deficient vision.

13. An optical filter according to claim 12, wherein the optical filter is configured for human vision; and the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, are adapted to be positioned at least partially in a human's field of view.

14. An optical filter according to claim 12, wherein the optical filter is configured for animal vision; and the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, are adapted to be positioned at least partially in an animal's field of view.

15. An optical filter according to claim 12, wherein the light is substantially filtered at wavelengths of about 500 nm and about 580 nm.

16. An optical filter for vision comprising:
an input polarizing element;
an output polarizing element; and
a retarder stack between the input polarizing element and the output polarizing element;

wherein the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, at least partially positioned in a field of view, substantially filter harmful light rays.

17. An optical filter according to claim 16, wherein
5 the optical filter is configured for human vision; and
the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, are adapted to be positioned at least partially in a human's field of view.

18. An optical filter according to claim 16, wherein
the optical filter is configured for animal vision; and
10 the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, are adapted to be positioned at least partially in an animal's field of view.

19. An optical filter according to claim 16, wherein the harmful light rays are laser light rays.

20. An optical filter for vision comprising:
15 an input polarizing element;
an output polarizing element; and
a retarder stack between the input polarizing element and the output polarizing element;
wherein the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder
20 stack, at least partially positioned in a field of view, substantially filter light such that at least two bands of light are substantially attenuated.

21. An optical filter according to claim 20, wherein
the optical filter is configured for human vision; and
the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, are
adapted to be positioned at least partially in a human's field of view.
- 5 22. An optical filter according to claim 20, wherein
the optical filter is configured for animal vision; and
the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, are
adapted to be positioned at least partially in an animal's field of view.
- 10 23. An optical filter according to claim 20, wherein a power spectrum of the input
polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack is selected such that
color saturation is increased.
24. An optical filter according to claim 20, where the power spectrum is color
neutral.
- 15 25. An optical filter according to claim 20, wherein the power spectrum is selected
to improve color deficient vision.
26. An optical filter according to claim 25, wherein the color deficient vision is
color blindness.
27. An optical filter according to claim 23, wherein the optical filter is a lens.

28. An optical filter for enhancing vision and/or protecting eyes from harmful light rays comprising a pair of polarizing elements that sandwich a retarder stack,

wherein the optical filter has a spectral transmission providing at least one of:

color vision enhancement,

5 color vision deficiency compensation, or

attenuation of harmful light rays.

29. An optical filter according to claim 28, wherein

the optical filter is configured for human vision; and

the pair of polarizing elements that sandwich the retarder stack, is at least partially

10 positioned in a human's field of view.

30. An optical filter according to claim 28, wherein

the optical filter is configured for animal vision; and

the pair of polarizing elements that sandwich the retarder stack, is at least partially

positioned in an animal's field of view.

15 31. An optical filter according to claim 28, wherein the optical filter is a double-notch filter that blocks inter-primary light.

32. An optical filter according to claim 28, wherein the optical filter is color neutral.

33. An optical filter according to claim 28, wherein the optical filter increases
20 color saturation.

34. An optical filter according to claim 28, wherein the optical filter is one of a lens, a pair of sunglasses, corrective eyewear, protective eyewear, or a visor.

35. A method of filtering light for color vision enhancement, color vision deficiency compensation, or attenuation of harmful light rays comprising;
5 polarizing input light to form polarized light;
wavelength selectively rotating the polarization of the polarized light to form rotated
light; and
analyzing the rotated light.

36. A method according to claim 35, where the rotation of light is determined in
10 accordance with one or both of:
predetermined lighting conditions of an environment; and
a person's vision.

37. An optical filter for vision comprising:
an input polarizing element;
15 an output polarizing element; and
a retarder stack between the input polarizing element and the output polarizing
element;
wherein the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder
stack, at least partially positioned in a field of view, filter light to substantially
20 reduce at least one near zero chromaticity response band of light.

38. An optical filter according to claim 37, wherein

the optical filter is configured for human vision; and
the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, are
adapted to be positioned at least partially in a human's field of view.

39. An optical filter according to claim 37, wherein
5 the optical filter is configured for animal vision; and
the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, are
adapted to be positioned at least partially in an animal's field of view.

40. An optical filter according to claim 37, wherein the input polarizing element,
the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, filter light to substantially reduce at
10 least two near zero chromaticity response bands of light.

41. An optical filter according to claim 37, wherein the input polarizing element,
the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, filter light to substantially reduce at
least three near zero chromaticity response bands of light.

42. An optical filter for vision comprising:
15 an input polarizing element;
an output polarizing element; and
a retarder stack between the input polarizing element and the output polarizing
element;
wherein the retarder stack, the input polarizing element, and the output polarizing
20 element, at least partially positioned in a field of view, have a light

transmittancy at 450 nm, 540 nm and 610 nm that is greater than a light transmittancy at 500 nm or 580 nm.

43. An optical filter according to claim 42, wherein

the optical filter is configured for human vision; and

the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, are

adapted to be positioned at least partially in a human's field of view.

44. An optical filter according to claim 42, wherein

the optical filter is configured for animal vision; and

the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, are

adapted to be positioned at least partially in an animal's field of view.

45. A method for improving a person's or animal's vision comprising:

determining an initial spectral profile of the person's or animal's vision;

determining a desired spectral profile for the person's or animal's vision; and

providing eyewear for the person or the animal, wherein the eyewear comprises an

input polarizing element, an output polarizing element, and a retarder stack,

configured to substantially filter at least one band of light to compensate for

the difference between the desired spectral profile and the initial spectral profile.

46. A method according to claim 45, wherein the input polarizing element, the

output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, substantially filter at least one inter-primary band of light.

47. A method according to claim 45, wherein the eyewear has a light transmittancy at 450 nm, 540 nm and 610 nm that is greater than a light transmittancy at 500 nm or 580 nm.

48. A method according to claim 45, wherein the eyewear is a wavelength selective polarizing filter.

49. A method according to claim 45, further comprising:
selecting a power spectrum of the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, such that color saturation is increased.

50. A method according to claim 49, wherein the power spectrum is color neutral.

51. A method according to claim 49, where the power spectrum is selected to improve color deficient vision of the person or the animal.

52. A method according to claim 45, wherein the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, substantially filter light so as to protect the person's or the animal's vision from harmful light rays.

53. A method according to claim 45, wherein the input polarizing element, the output polarizing element, and the retarder stack, filter light to substantially reduce at least one near zero chromaticity response band of light.